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son of Mr. John Wight, for many years city collector. He entered the military service of the Confederacy while a student at the Virginia Military Institute, and was a member of General Stonewall Jackson's staff. After the war he became a professor in the Baltimore City College. He died June 25, 1897.

JOHN RANDOLPH TUCKER was born in Winchester, Virginia, December 24, 1823. He was educated at Richmond Academy and the University of Virginia. He was admitted to the bar in 1845. In 1852 and 1856, he was a Presidential Elector, and in 1857 was elected Attorney-General of Virginia, and was re-elected in 1859 and 1863. After residing a short time in Baltimore, Maryland, he removed to Lexington, Virginia, to fill the chair of law in the Washington and Lee University. In 1874, he was nominated for Congress, and elected for six consecutive terms. His course in Congress fully sustained his great reputation as an orator and constitutional lawyer, and during his twelve years service in Washington, he occupied a most conspicuous place. He was one of the counsel before the Electoral Commission. Declining re-election to Congress, Mr. Tucker was in 1887, again appointed professor in the law school of Washington and Lee University. At one time he filled the position of president of the American Bar Association. Yale College conferred on him the degree of LL. D. Mr. Tucker married Miss Laura Powell. He died February 13, 1897. He was a Virginian who served his State with distinguished ability. His social talents were not less conspicuous than his great learning as a constitutional lawyer, and his ability as a public speaker.

JUSTIN WINSOR was born in Boston on January 2, 1831, and entered Harvard in the class of 1853. He went abroad after graduation and finished his studies in Paris and Heidelberg. In 1868 he was appointed Superintendent of the Boston Public Library, and held that position until 1877, when he accepted the position of Librarian of Harvard College, a position he filled until his death. He was one of the founders of the American Library Association, and was for many years president of that body. He also served as President of the American Historical Association.

REAR ADMIRAL SAMUEL PHILLIPS LEE was born in Sully, Fairfax county, Va., on February 13, 1812. He was the eldest son of Francis Lightfoot Lee. He was appointed a midshipman from Virginia when thirteen years old, and was ordered to the sloop-of-war Hornet, on the West India station, a year and a half later.

After serving in two other ships he was ordered to the Norfolk School

in 1830, and was promoted to passed midshipman nearly a year afterward. He served at the Boston Navy Yard, and was promoted to lieutenant in 1837.

His first command was the coast survey schooner *Nautilus* in 1846. On his own application he was put in charge of the brig *Washington*, on December 29, 1846, to participate in the Mexican War, and was present at the capture of *Tobasco*.

He was engaged in making deep sea soundings, trying currents and in search work, and in wind and current chart duty until July 7, 1852. He received his appointment as commander September 14, 1855, and assumed command of the sloop-of-war *Vandalia* in 1858, with orders to proceed to the East Indies.

When he learned of the outbreak of the civil war, acting on his own judgment, he brought the sloop back, and then began his active participation in the war in which he rose to high rank.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)